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JRC facts and figures



€ 386 million Budget annually, plus € 62 million earned income

30% of activities in policy preparation,70% in implementation

+400 instances of suppol_{seville} to the EU policy-maker annually



6 locations in 5 Member States: Belgium, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, Spain

42 large scale research facilities, more than 110 online databases



Karlsruhe

83% of core research staff PhD's



Brussels

Over 1,400 scientific publications p.a.



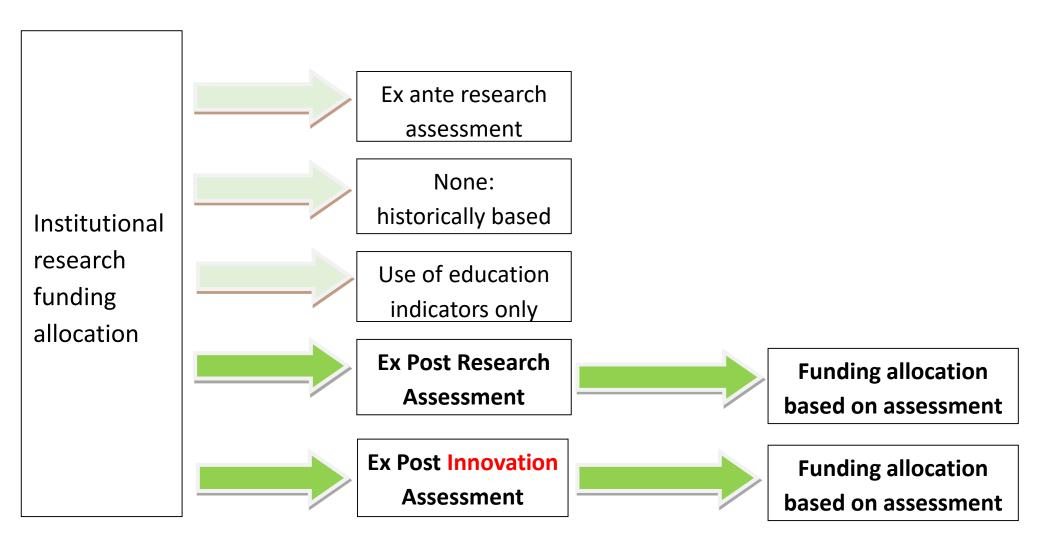
Lamy Report: European university label



The EU could offer top-up institutional funding tied to modernization and innovation performance (Lamy et al, 2017)

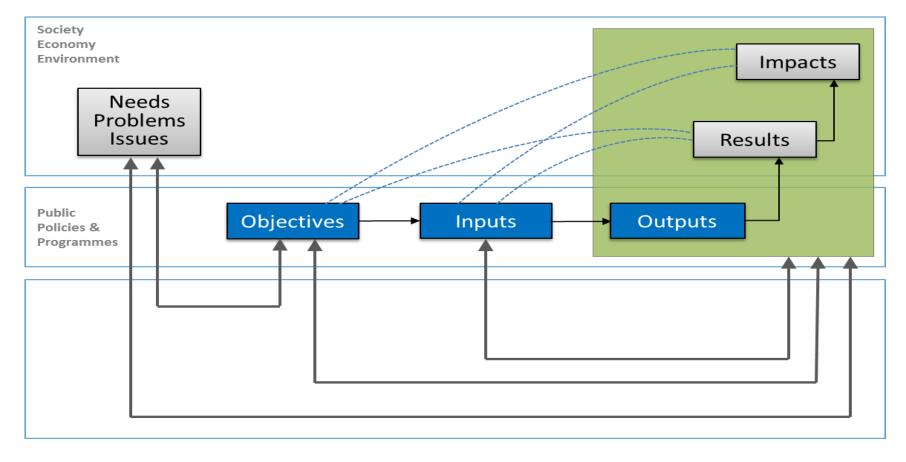


Performance based funding of universities

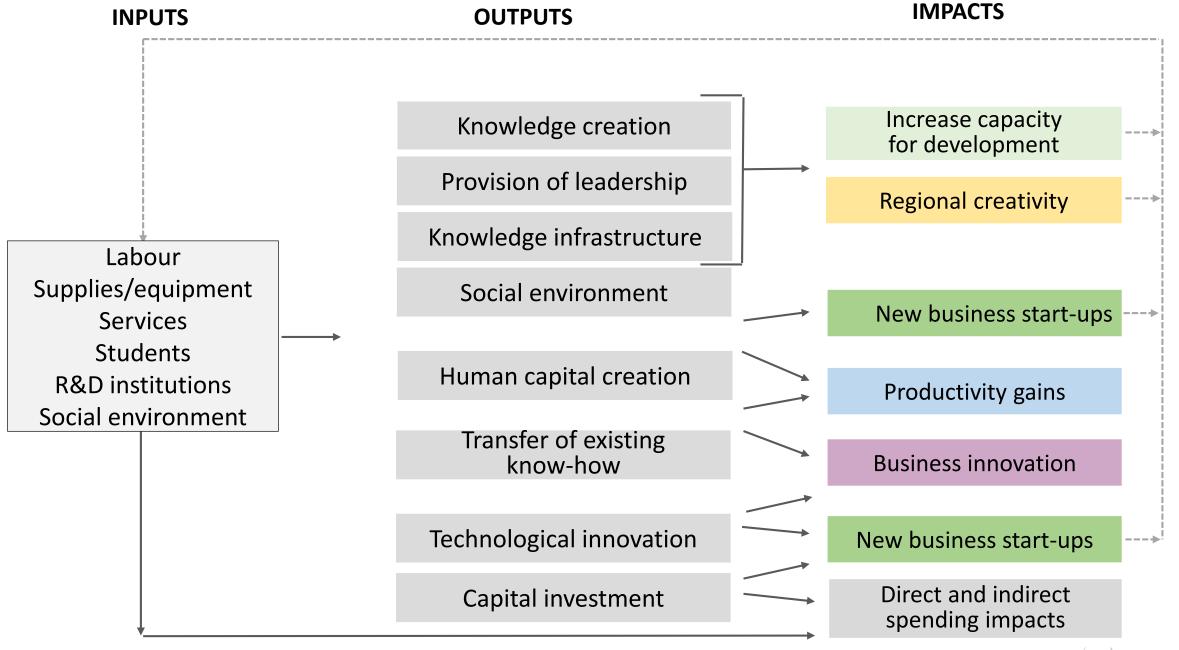




Innovation Impact of Universities









Outputs/Impacts

Indicator portfolio

Provision of leadership

Knowledge infrastructure

Social environment

Knowledge creation

Transfer of existing know-how

Technological innovation

Capital investment

Human capital creation

Regional orientation, strategic development and knowledge infrastructure

Research, technological development, knowledge transfer and commercialisation

Entrepreneurship and support to enterprise development

Education and human capital development

Regional development level



Source: adapted from Goldstein and Renault (2004)

Indicator portfolio

OUTPUTS/IMPACTS

Provision of leadership

Knowledge infrastructure

Social environment

Regional orientation, strategic development and knowledge infrastructure

Tailor made RIA profile could feed into a university level case study: a "narrative with numbers"

Capital investment

Human capital creation

Entrepreneurship and support to enterprise development

Education and human capital development

Regional development level



Source: adapted from Goldstein and Renault (2004)

Indicator boxes

University performance

Regional orientation, strategic development and knowledge infrastructure

examples

Profiling related to regional needs and specialisation

Research, technological development, knowledge transfer and commercialisation R&D related income from private sector

Entrepreneurship and support to enterprise development

Student start ups / spin offs

Education and human capital development

% of students enrolled in entrepreneurship courses

context

Regional development level

e.g. Regional Innovation
Scoreboard



Innovation Impact of Universities General considerations

- Performance systems may:
 - Assess absolute innovation performance
 - Performance relative to regional performance
 - Improvement of performance (progress)
 - Performance with respect to pre-determined objectives (contracts)
- Final design dependent on the framework through which it is implemented (e.g. national frameworks, FP9 or ESIF)



Case studies being developed using JRC framework

JRC case studies Finland Belarus Poland United Germany -Ukraine France Spain Turkey



Case Studies next steps

- 1st workshop October
- 2nd workshop November
- High Quality case studies published on JRC RIO website
- Book project





Thank vou

Questions and inputs/feedback?

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Examples use of U-Multi Rank in RIA

Knowledge transfer indicators	Regional engagement indicators
Income from private sources	Student internships in the region
 Co-publications with industrial partners 	 BA theses with regional organisations
Patents awarded	 MA theses with regional organisations
Co-patents with industry	 Regional joint publications
 Publications cited in patents 	 Income from regional sources
 Income from private sources 	 BA graduates working in region
 Co-publications with industrial partners 	 Student internships in region
 Patents awarded (size-normalised) 	 Regional joint publications
Industry co-patents	 Income from regional sources
Spin-offs	 MA graduates working in region
 Income from continuous professional development 	 Graduates employment in the region
	 Strategic research partnerships in the region



Indicator Box A: Education and human capital development

Inputs

- Grants and scholarships for students from local/regional private sector
- Credit bearing courses established through a direct request or with the involvement from nonacademic local/regional organisations;
- Tailor-made academic programs in partnership with businesses
- Participation non-academic agents in curricula design
- Joint PhD Programmes and industry sponsorship of post graduate education
- Entrepreneurship teaching and learning; skills development
- Inter-sectorial mobility of teaching staff
- Labour outcomes and student satisfaction postgraduation
- Regional student retention
- Life-long learning and non-academic education
- Graduate tracking of salaried employment

'Results' indicators and 'Impact' indicators

- Entrepreneurship education: number of students enrolled in entrepreneurship courses as % of total students
- the number of students attending internship
- Number of faculty members taking a temporary position in a non-academic organisations;
- Number of employees from non-academic organisations taking temporary teaching and/or research positions at university
- Labour outcomes and postgraduate labour surveys that measure satisfaction with knowledge gained at university
- Student internships in the local region: out of the students who did an internship, the percentage where the internship was with a company or organisation located in the region
- BA theses with local/regional organisations: degree theses of bachelor graduates done in cooperation with organisations (industry, public, non-profit organisations) in the region
- MA theses with local/regional organisations: degree theses of master graduates done in cooperation with organisations (industry, public, non-profit organisations) in the region
- % academics teaching in courses required by local/regional firms; or income received from noncredit bearing teaching and associated activities for local/regional clients
- Graduate employment: percentage of graduates working in the region after graduation
- Wages of university graduates (3-5 years after graduation)



Box B: Research, technological development, knowledge transfer and commercialisation (with involvement of local or regional partners)

Inp	Inputs 'Results' indicators and 'Impact' indicators	
•	Research activities	R&D related income from local/regional private sector
•	Knowledge and technology transfer	 Resources generated from contract research and consultancy work local/regional
•	Consultancy and contract research	industry
•	Collaboration with regional private partners	Strategic research partnerships in the region
•	Inter-sectorial mobility of	Regional partnerships of the Tech Transfer Office
	research/teaching staff	 Patent (applied/granted), licensing income from local/regional industry
•	Industry funded research positions	 Regional joint research publications within local/regional industry
•	Shared R&D facilities	 Shared R&D facilities with local/regional industry
•	International staff	 Mobility of university staff to or from local business enterprises
		 Research staff with a dual affiliation at local/regional business enterprise
		 Industrial PhDs that involve local/regional industry; % of PhDs undertaken jointly with
		private actors or the number of postgraduate students directly sponsored by
		local/regional industry R&D prizes and innovation prizes awarded by local/regional
		industry
		 Professorships or other university positions (partially) funded by local/regional
		industry
		Public private co-publications



Indicator Box C: Entrepreneurship and support to enterprise development (within the local region or with involvement of local or regional partners)

In	Inputs 'Results' indicators and 'Impact' indicators		
•	Industry liaison offices, knowledge	 University spin-off and start-up companies (number of, employment 	
	and technology transfer offices;	generated, turnover)	
•	Business incubators, and	 Student start-ups (number of, employment generated, turnover, 	
	accelerators	private funding raised, nature of university support)	
•	Access to seed funding and	 Investments of industry or public sector partners 	
	venture capital		
•	Science park, technology park or		
	innovation hub		
•	Other business-related		
	infrastructure, facilities and		
	services		



Indicator Box D: Regional orientation, strategic development and knowledge infrastructure (with involvement of local, regional, national or foreign partners)

Inputs

- Profiling to reflect regional specialisation and objectives
- Involvement in regional innovation strategy setting
- Regional knowledge infrastructure;
- Capacity for regional socioeconomic development

'Results' indicators and 'Impact' indicators

- Income from regional sources: proportion of external research revenues –
 apart from government or local authority core/recurrent grants that comes
 from local/regional sources (i.e. industry, private organisations, charities).
- Joint agenda setting with regional partners
- Profiling strategies (PR and marketing) related to regional needs and specialisations
- HRM and staff performance assessment related to regional needs and specialisations
- Formation of social ties and networks with local/regional stakeholders and partners
- Contributions to the creation of a local/regional entrepreneurial ecosystem
- Contribution to embedding the regional innovation system in international R&D networks (international co-publications; participation in international research projects; attraction of foreign staff)
- Contribution to the investment climate (attraction of private investments in the region e.g. by foreign or national firms)



Regional context indicators

Inputs	'Results' indicators and 'Impact' indicators
Framework conditions (human resources, attractive research systems innovation)	Percentage population aged 30-34 having completed tertiary education
attractive research systems, innovation friendly environment)	 Percentage population aged 25-64 participating in lifelong learning
 Investments (finance and support; firm investments) 	International scientific co-publications per million population
 Innovation activities (innovators, linkages and intellectual assets) 	 Scientific publications among the top-10% most cited publications worldwide as percentage of total scientific publications of the country
 Employment and sales impacts 	R&D expenditure in the public sector as percentage of GDP
	R&D expenditure in the business sector as percentage of GDP
	Non-R&D SME innovation expenditures as percentage of total turnover
	SMEs introducing product or process innovations as percentage of SMEs
	SMEs introducing marketing or organisational innovations as percentage of SMEs
	• etc

