

Pre-meeting Workshop: New to doctoral education

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The oral tradition of doctoral education



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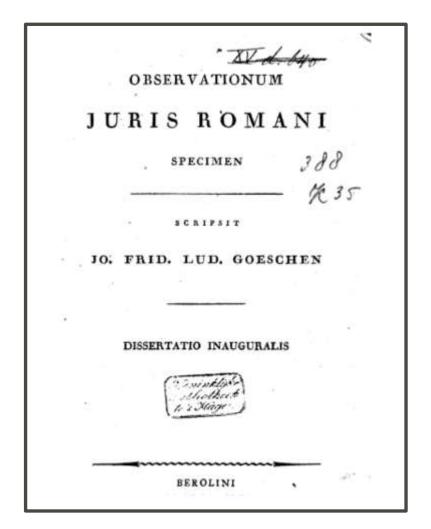
Hans Heinrich Glaser, 1634

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"Doktorschmaus, welchen griechische Promoventen hier geben. Pocci, Franz Graf von, 1807-1876

The modern doctorate



Shire VINTARS Notrombae 1127,

THÈSES

PRESENTERS

A LA FACULTÉ DES SCIENCES DE PARIS

COUR OBTEST

LE GRADE DE DOCTEUR ÉS SCIENCES PHYSIQUES,

PAR

M ... SKLODOWSKA CURIE.

1" THÈSE - RÈCHERCHES SUB-LES SUBSTANCES BADIO-

3" TRESE - PROPOSITIONS DONNESS PAR LA FACULTE.

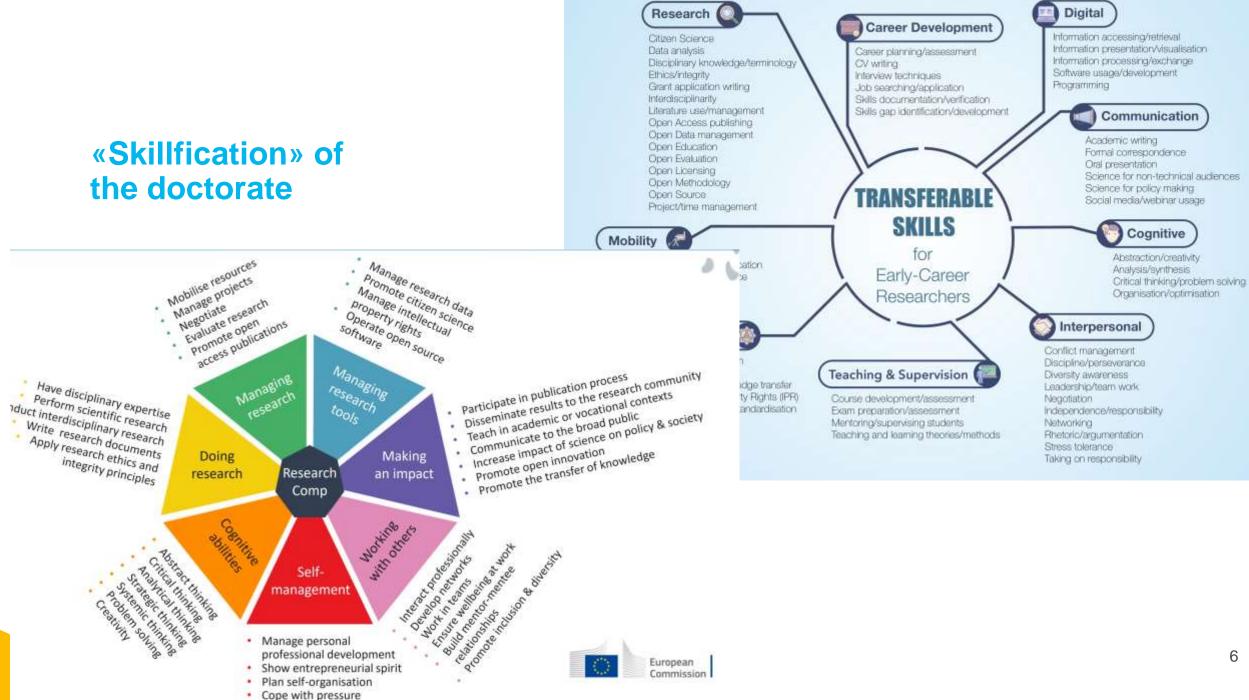
Soutenues le Zinin 1903, devant la Commission d'Examen.

MM. LIPPMANN. President.
BOUTY,
MOISSAN, Examinateurs.

PARIS.

GAUTHIER-VILLARS, IMPRIMEUR-LIBRAIRE
DU BUREAU DES LONGITUBES, DE L'ÉCOLE POLYTECHNIQUE,
Quai des Grands-Augustins, 55.

1903





Doctoral education in Europe

- The doctorate plays a central role in the history of European Universities
- Salzburg Principles 2005 Salzburg II 2010 Salzburg III 2016
- Increased importance for the European Research Area
 - Innovation Union 2010
 - Principles for Innovative Doctoral Training 2011
- National legislation
- Much of this is connected to the discourse regarding the knowledge society as a driver for growth
- Doctoral education: From a "privatised relation" to the center of the university endeavour



A bottom-up process leading to the reform of doctoral education in Europe

BOLOGNA SEMINAR DOCTORAL PROGRAMMES FOR THE EUROPEAN KNOWLEDGE SOCIETY Salzburg, 3-5 February 2005

SALZBURG II RECOMMENDATIONS

EUROPEAN UNIVERSITIES' ACHIEVEMENTS SINCE 2005 IN IMPLEMENTING THE SALZBURG PRINCIPLES

DOCTORAL EDUCATION –
TAKING SALZBURG FORWARD

IMPLEMENTATION
AND NEW CHALLENGES



Conclusions and Recommendations from the Bologna Seminar on "Doctoral Programmes for the European Knowledge Society" Salzburg, 3-5 Feb 2005

- 1. Advancement of knowledge through original research
- 2. Embedding in institutional strategies and policies
- 3. The importance of diversity
- 4. Doctoral candidates as early stage researchers
- 5. The crucial role of supervision and assessment

- 6. Achieving a critical Mass
- 7. Duration: 3 et 4 years full-time
- 8. The promotion of innovative structures
- 9. Increasing the mobility
- 10. Ensuring appropriate funding



The aim(s) of doctoral education

"The core component of doctoral training is the advancement of knowledge through original research.

At the same time, it is recognised that doctoral training must increasingly meet the **needs of an employment market** that is wider than academia."

(Research & Researchers!)

Salzburg Principles 2005.

"The goal of doctoral education is to cultivate the **research mindset**, **to nurture flexibility of thought, creativity and intellectual autonomy** through an original, concrete research project. It is the practice of research that creates this mindset."

Salzburg Recommendations 2010.

EUA-CDE VISION PAPER

Where are we today



Diversity in conditions, practices and contexts

- Diverse organisation: ¾ of universities organised in programmes (taught courses, milestones etc.) and 40% with centralised doctoral schools. Only 5% without any institutional oversight.
 - Credits, Supervision, Admission criteria etc.
 Increased inter-institutional collaboration. Increased role of professionals, ...
- Diverse practices of doctoral education: Different kinds of doctorates: "traditional doctorates" (most cases), professional doctorates, doctorates in the arts; different outcomes (book, journal articles, artefacts). digital defences, but also increased relevance of postdoctoral researchers as target groups.
- Diverse conditions: Funding and status of doctoral candidates, duration of the doctorate, legal frameworks,...
- Diverse activities of doctoral candidates: Besides research proposal writing, teaching, data collection and management, scientific collaboration and publishing, science communication, ...
- A multiplicity of (transversal) skills trainings is offered to doctoral candidates



Shared understandings

- A shared understanding of the relevance of research as the base of doctoral education (see also forthcoming 2022 vision paper)
- A shared understanding of the doctorate as a transformation phase from a student toward an independent researcher. Doctoral candidates as early-stage researchers.
- A shared understanding of the institutional responsibility of the university
- A shared understanding about the importance of supervision and supervision training



Introducing **EUA-CDE**



- Membership service of the European University Association (EUA), founded in 2018
- The largest European Doctoral Education Network bringing together 277 European universities and rectors conferences from 38 European countries and representing doctoral education in Europe
- Steered by a Steering Committee comprising of 10 doctoral education leaders from 10 European countries (chair Prof. Aleksandra Kanjuo-Mrcela, University of Ljubljana)
- Promotes cooperation and exchange of good practices on issues of common interest and drives doctoral education policies
- Identifies and monitors the trends in doctoral education
- Organises regularly events, addressing fundamental and emerging topics of doctoral education and publishes surveys and policy papers
- Serves as the voice of doctoral education in Europe

EUA-CDE ANNUAL MEETING

	C	10	COUNCIL FOR DOCTORAL
			EDUCATION

Year	Thematic Workshop (January) ~ 100 participants	Place	Annual Meeting (June) ~ 230 participants	Place
2008	Enhancing of Supervision	London	Launch Conference	Lausanne
2009	Structuring Doctoral Education	Zagreb	Second Annual Meeting	Lausanne
2010	Researchers' Careers Support and Development	Ghent	Third Annual Meeting	Berlin
2011	Mobility – international and inter-sectoral	Budapest	Promoting Creativity	Madrid
2012	Supporting Individual Paths of Doctoral Candidates	Dublin	Funding Doctoral Education	Stockholm
2013	Interdisciplinary Doctoral Programmes	Turin	From Student to Researcher: are we on the right track?	Warsaw
2014	Education – Mindset, Research, Innovation	Izmir	Doctoral Education: Thinking globally, acting locally	Liverpool
2015	Regional Engagement and Doctoral Education	Marseille	Education —where do we go from here?	Munich
2016	Doctoral Supervision	Delft	Doctoral Education: a dilemma of quality and quantity?	Tarragona
2017	Ethics and Integrity in Doctoral Education and Research Training	Lisbon	Digitalisation: A game changer for doctoral education?	Tallin
2018	The Impact and Outcomes of Doctoral Education Reform in Europe	Malta	Excellence through diversity: doctoral education in a globalised world	Ljubljana
2019	Inter-institutional collaboration in doctoral education	Amsterdam	The societal dimension of doctoral education	Brescia
2020	Academic Career Development	Tbilisi	The role of doctoral Education for Europe's Universities	ONLINE
2021	Artificial intelligence, data management and the digital world of doctoral education	ONLINE	Doctoral Education in a post-Pandemic world	ONLINE
2022	Focus group		Time and Timing in doctoral education	Manchester



The Salzburg documents

BOLOGNA SEMINAR DOCTORAL PROGRAMMES FOR THE EUROPEAN KNOWLEDGE SOCIETY

Salzburg, 3-5 February 2005

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BOLOGNA SEMINAR DOCTORAL PROGRAMMES FOR THE EUROPEAN KNOWLEDGE SOCIETY Salzburg, 3-5 February 2005 **Doctoral education** in Europe: current developments and trends **Selected EUA-CDE** reports and documents **Quality Assurance** in Doctoral Education results of the ARDE project

By Joanne Syrne, Thomas Jørgensen, Tia Loukkola

CODOC CODOC - COOPERATION ON DOCTORAL EDUCATION BETWEEN AFRICA, ASIA, LATIN AMERICA AND EUROPI AN JØRGENSEN D PRACTICES ATIONAL DUCATION and im COLLABORATIVE DOCTORAL EDUCATION IN EUROPE: RESEARCH PARTNERSHIPS AND EMPLOYABILITY FOR RESEARCHERS REPORT ON DOC-CAREERS II PROJECT BY LIDIA BORRELL-DAMIAN, RITA MORAIS AND JOHN H. SMITH

SALZBURG II RECOMMENDATIONS

EUROPEAN UNIVERSITIES' ACHIEVEMENTS SINCE 2005 IN IMPLEMENTING THE SALZBURG PRINCIPLES

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Co-tutelles in European universities: concept, aims

Building the Foundations of Research

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DOCTORAL EDUCATION -TAKING SALZBURG FORWARD

> IMPLEMENTATION AND NEW CHALLENGES

News



Filter: O EUA-CDE news O Member and partner news

MAY. 19 EUA-CDE news

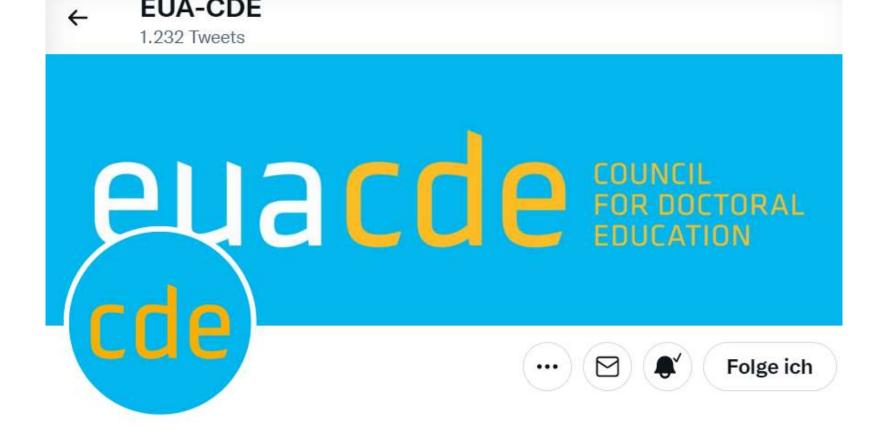
New EUA-CDE report - Co-tutelles in European universities: concept, aims and implementation

EUA-CDE has published a new report on the findings of the 2020 Thematic Peer Group on "Co-tutelles and Joint Doctorates". The report outlines the conclusions of this second EUA-CDE Thematic Peer Group. With findings gathered from 23 universities in 15 European countries, this paper reflects the group's discussions on the topic of co-tutelles and provides an overview of the different approaches

ELECTIONAL EDUCATION

31 May 2022

NEWSLETTER



EUA-CDE

@EUACDE Folgt Dir

Part of @EUAtweets, the Council for Doctoral Education (EUA-CDE) is the European voice for doctoral education with more than 250 members in 36 countries

Biografie übersetzen

🖹 Bildung 🔘 Geneva, Switzerland 🔗 eua-cde.org

Seit Oktober 2016 bei Twitter

231 Folge ich 1.276 Follower



The Doctoral Debate

"The Doctoral Debate" is an online platform featuring original articles with commentary and analysis on doctoral education in Europe. Articles focus on trending topics in doctoral education and state-of-the-art policies Search

Q

Tags



Save the date!

2024 EUA-CDE Thematic
Workshop on «leadership in
doctoral education»



Prague, 1 to 2 February, 2024



Save the date!

2024 EUA-CDE Annual Meeting



Barcelona, 26 to 28 June, 2024



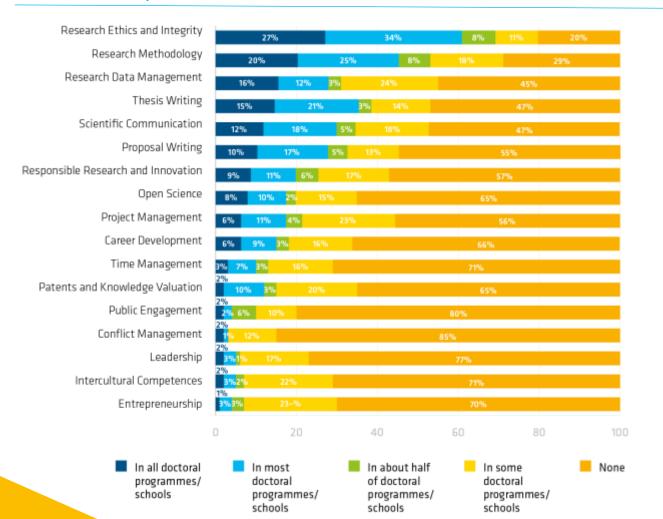
Doctoral Education in Europe today





Mandatory transversal skills training

What type of mandatory transversal skills training is offered to doctoral candidates at your institution?



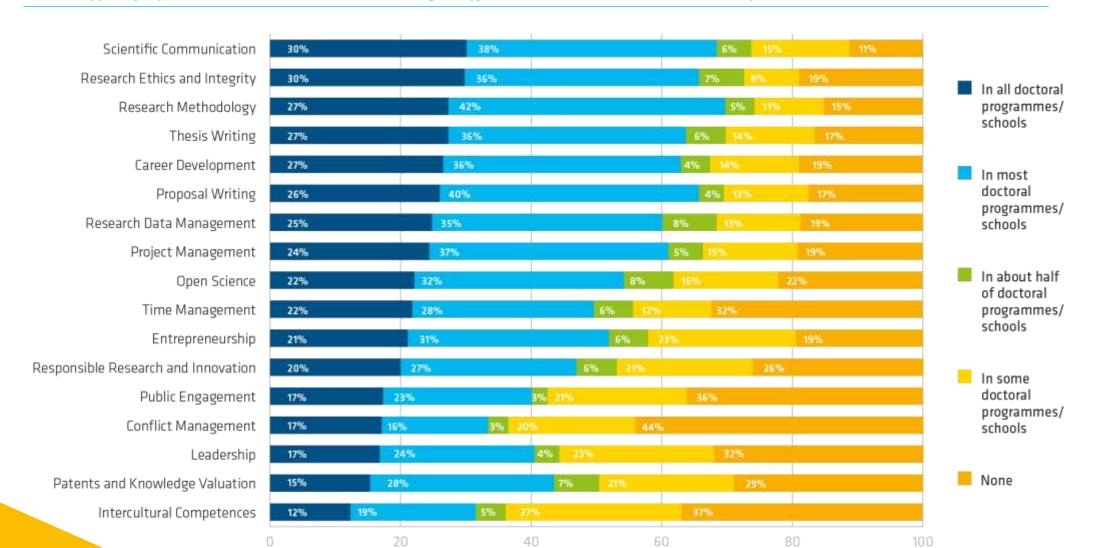
Only a minority of transversal skills trainings are mandatory – doctoral candidates need to be able to choose which one fits them well.

Exception: Research ethics and integrity (and reserach methodology) – precondition of every kind of research



Optional transversal skills training

What type of optional transversal skills training is offered to doctoral candidates at your institution?





Prospective transversal skills training

If it is not available now, do you intend to offer any of the following training to doctoral candidates in the future?

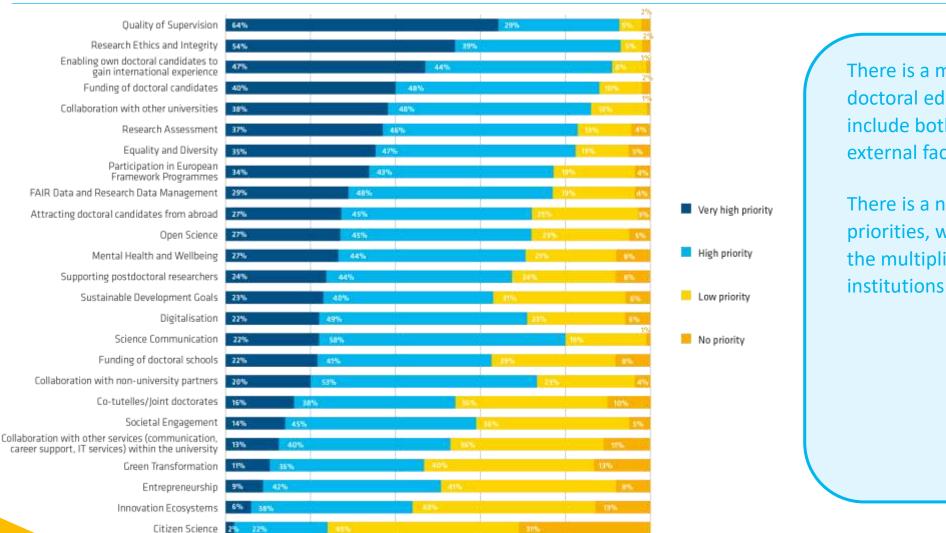






Institutional priorities

Which of the following topics are a priority in the area of doctoral education at your institution?



88

40

There is a mix of priorities in doctoral education, which include both internal and external factors.

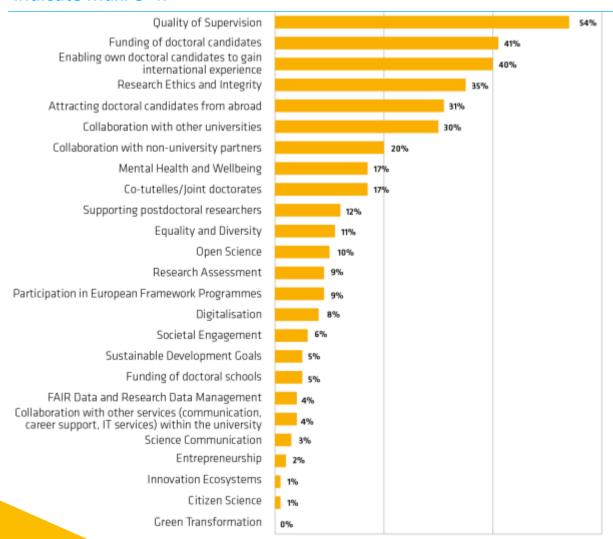
There is a need to prioritise priorities, while being aware of the multiplicity of challenges institutions are confronted with.





Top priorities

Please identify which of the following topics you consider most important for doctoral education at your institution. Please indicate max. 3-4.





The increasing role of doctoral education in confronting future challenges

- There is hardly any main policy goal within universities that is not increasingly addressed through doctoral education and doctoral candidates. (Open science, research integrity, etc.)
- The knowledge economy is in need of highly skilled researchers to address future challenges, which is not always reflected in present employment offers
- External drivers and contexts shape the practice of doctoral education (f.i. Digitalisation, SDG, etc.)
- Skills training is considered a key element to reconcile the need of external drivers with the needs of doctoral candidates
- The increased role of doctoral school as support structure for postdoctoral researchers increases the role of the institution
- This increasingly puts doctoral schools in the spotlight university policies. Are doctoral schools equiped for this role?



Some key challenges

- The need to define the specificities of doctoral education in relation to master and postdoctoral research
- Mantaining the doctorate as research based academic degree in light of the «skillification» of the doctorate, while acknowldging the role of skills training
- Ensuring international exposure and mobility even in case to reduced physical mobility opportunities
- Decreasing numbers (and increasing) of doctoral candidates in some countries related to job unsecurity or more attractive alternatives
- Ensure appropriate funding for doctoral candidates and doctoral schools/programmes



- Structures how much, how many
- Respond to external and societal drivers (Digitalisation, global warming, inclusion)
- Reform research assessment to reflect the full variety of research production and enable open-science
- Understanding and dealing with the mental health of doctoral candidates and graduates
- Interaction with different stakeholders employers, media, broader society and communication the specificities and «value» of doctoral education.
- Quality assurance dynamics of internal and external QA
- Academic freedom on different level, external interventions and steering, security discourses



Thank you for your attention

Dr Alexander Hasgall Head of EUA Council for Doctoral Education









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