

Energies for the future Challenge, Lorraine Université d'Excellence Program

A MULTIDISCIPLINARY INITIATIVE ON ENERGY TRANSITION







LUE programme : six socio-économic challenges

- Whole value chain of materials
- Sustainable management of the natural ressources
- Energies for the future



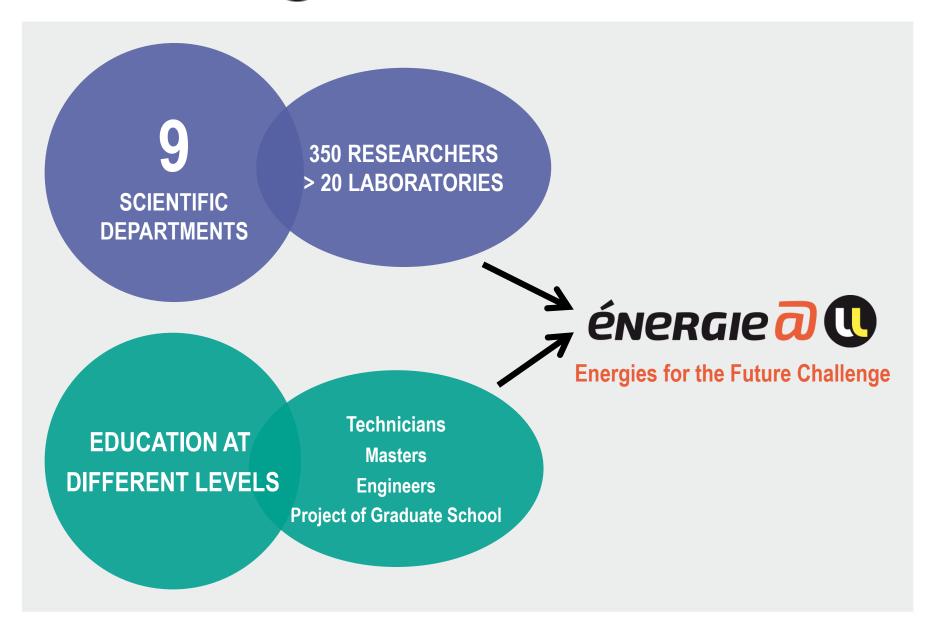


OR RAINTERSITE D'EXCELLERO

- Digital trust
- Innovative soutions for aging |
 - Knowledge engineering



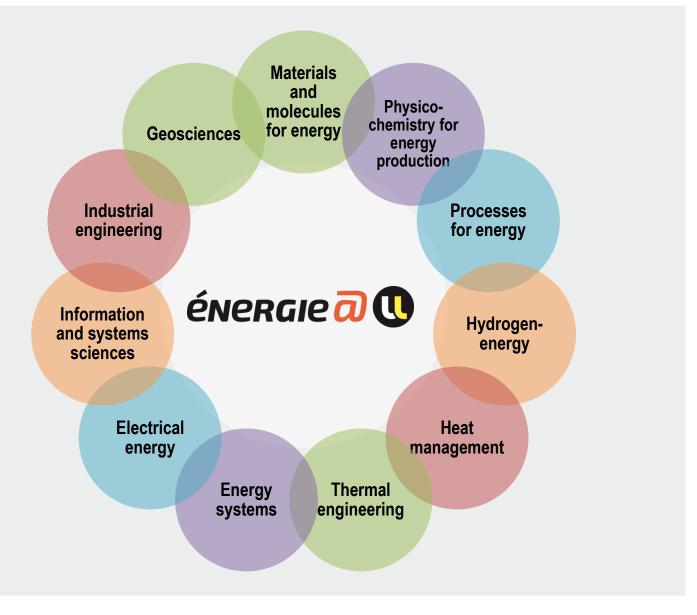
ÉNERGIE multidisciplinary mobilization of the university





Competences in the heart of the energy field

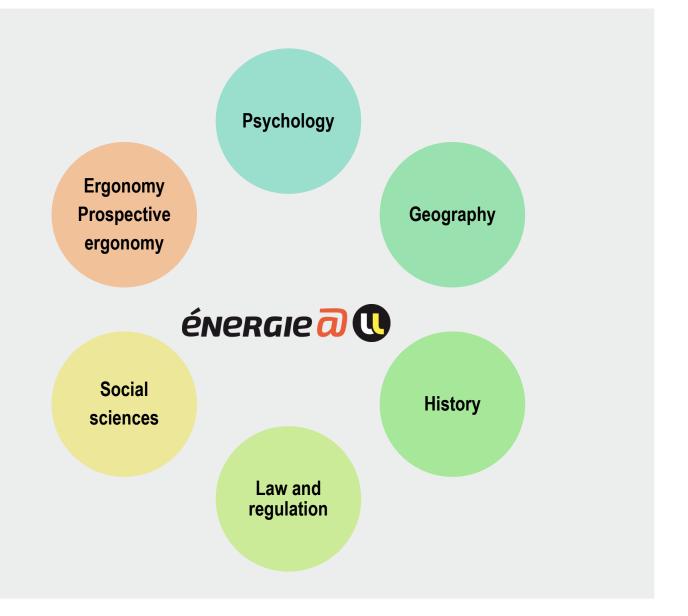






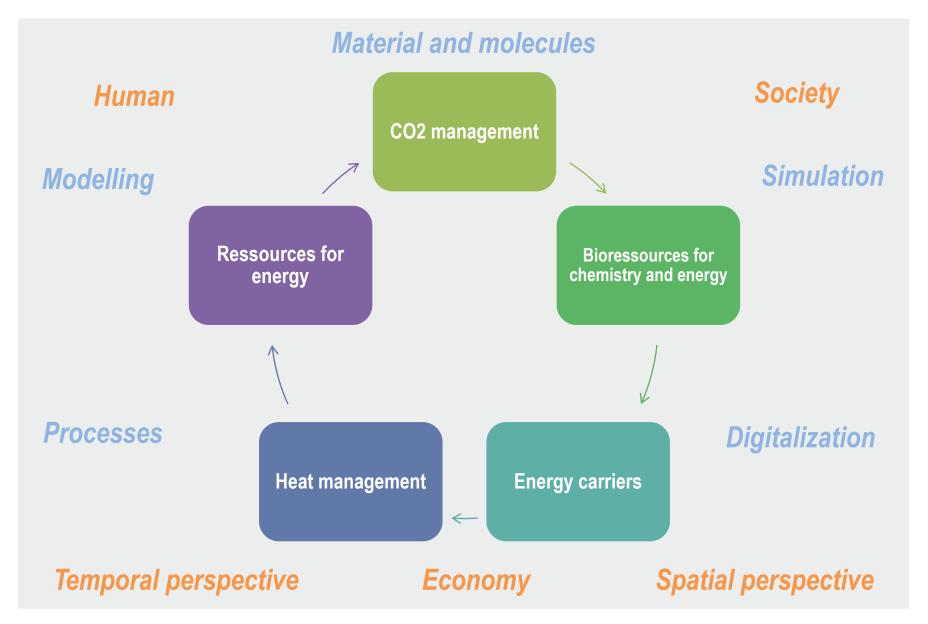
Transverse competences in social sciences and humanities







5 major multidisciplinary challenges

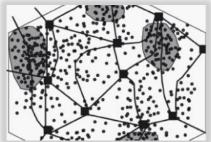


Insertion of the energy production facilities (renewable, distributed) in the territories

Space requirement of the energy networks

Environmental, regulatory and geographic constraints











Transverse challenge 2: Temporal perspective, human and society

Past energy transitions, impact on territories and communities

Human-Technology interfaces

Objective and subjective risks, individual/collective risks

Acceptance, mistrust, mediation

Technology philosophy

Energy law, usage conflicts

Education science













Hydrogen-energy (ULHyS) - LUE



Sustainable use of the sub-soil for energy - DeepSurf - LUE



- Insertion of distributed energy sources in territories (biomass, wind)
- Working group on numeric for energy



ULHyS: Université de lorraine Hydrogen Science and technologies





Interdisciplinary by nature

5 ambitions for ULHyS

1 – International outreach

2 – Multi-disciplinary approach

3 – Socio-economic partnerships

4 – Education programme

5- Research and Training Institute

From H₂ production to the end users



Ergonomics

Economics

Industrial eng.

Chemical eng.

Mechanical eng.

Electrical Eng.

Control

Transfers

Electrochemistry

Materials

French PIA2: "Plan of Investments for the Future": Lorraine Université d'Excellence



Sustainable use of the sub-soil for energy - DeepSurf





Track the exchanges of mass and heat between the underground and the surface, consequences on the environment



New approaches for energy transition

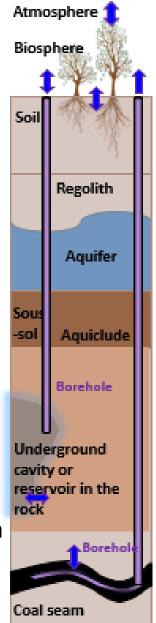
Life cycles, carbon budget and economics approaches applied to energy transition (biomass, fossil resources, nuclear energy, renewable solutions)

Deep-surface interactions

Study of interactions between the surface and the underground (development of new tools, database acquisition, modelling)

Risk assessment and territorial integration

Analysis of history (past) and scenario (future), Adapting the legal framework to new uses, Assessment of the territorial integration of projects)



Biogeochemic al fluxes

Unsaturated zone

Saturated zone

Impermeable layer

Cavity in salt deposit, gas storage in aquifer, old mine workings, etc.

Coal seam with horizontal drains and vertical borehole



The Grand Est Region : a territory of experimentation



Nuclear production

4 nuclear power plants (12500 MW)



Mobility

North-South and East-west (TEN-T corridors), cross-border mobility



Renewables

- 1st producer of wind energy in FR
- 4rd producer of PV energy in FR
- Hydroelectricity
- Biomass (from wood)
- Hydrogen energy (1 refueling station+ several projects)



Sub-soil

- Coalbed gas
- Unexploited mines and subterranean cavities to store energy resources (heat, CH4, H2)



Industry

- Strong carbon footprint
- Strong energy intensity
- High emission of waste heat





UL involvement in national and international networks













