

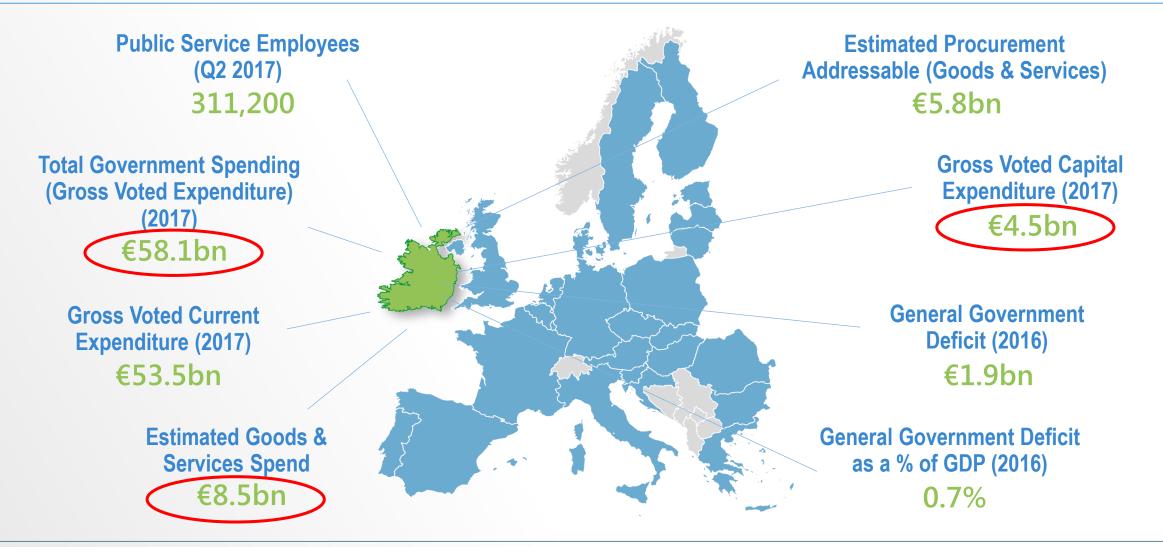
Oifig um Sholáthar Rialtas Office of Government Procurement

Reform of the Public Procurement System within Ireland

Paul Quinn Government CPO 4th December, 2017



Ireland in Context – Government Expenditure



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Procurement Reform in Context – 2013



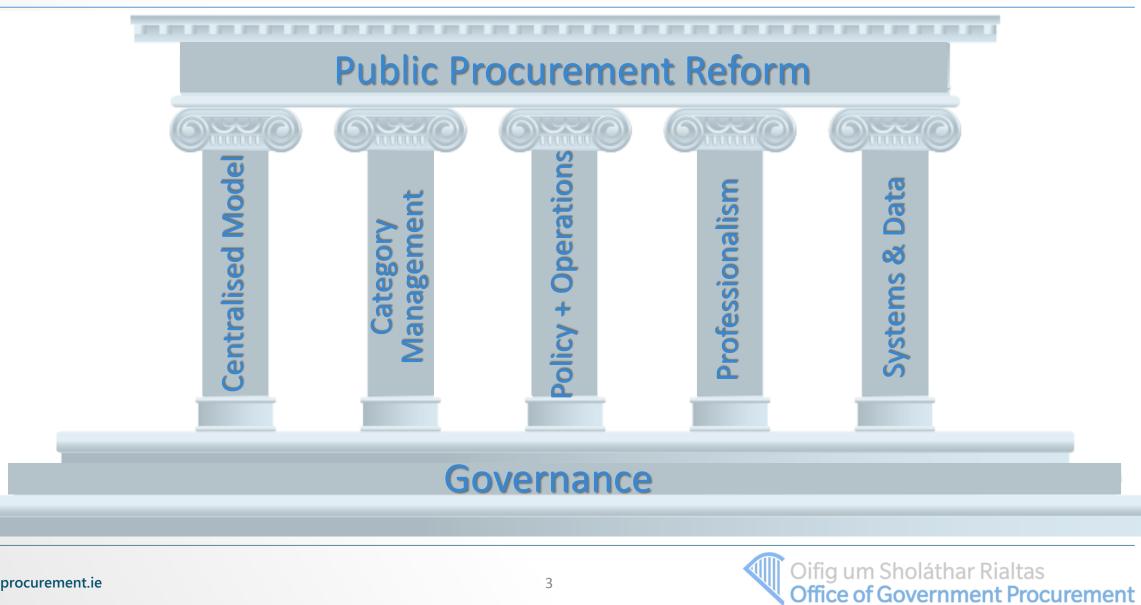
- Savings target of €500m over 3 years on a €6.9bn per annum
- A strong governance model
- **Full migration** to the new model to be completed by Q1 2014.
- Public procurement will need to be accessible by all vendors.

- A key public service reform programme
- A significant enabler to hitting the deficit reduction targets.
- **Government decided** a centre-led procurement model and approved the implementation plan on 23rd April.
- Programme will **design new structures** and the **allocation of resources** in the centre and sectors.





Reform Pillars



The Model – Centralised in 5 Key CPB's with Expanded Remit

16 Categories – 'One Voice' to the market





OGP Functions



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The Balancing Act for Procurement





The Change Management Challenges

- Scale and Pace
- Breaking new ground
- Whole of Government Reform
- Legal independence of public bodies
- Ensuring client buy-in
- Baseline compliance levels
- Availability of commercial skills
- Complexity of stakeholder expectations





What has been achieved?

- **OGP established** with approx. 200 staff currently and operating at scale
 - Over 140 Framework Agreements established encompassing over €3.5 billion in spend
 - In 2017, OGP estimate it will support clients concluding approx. 1,000 competitions
- Strong alignment between Policy and Operations
- Sectoral co-operation underpinned through Governance arrangements
- **Data** gathering and reporting provides much better insight
- Changes to procurement legislation and policies to support improvements in construction, SME engagement, cross-cutting policies, etc.
- Initiatives to increase professionalization
- Better understanding by **Oireachtas**
- Increasing the profile and influence of Ireland internationally through European Commission, OECD and CPB Networks



Meeting Public Service Sourcing Needs



www.procurement.ie

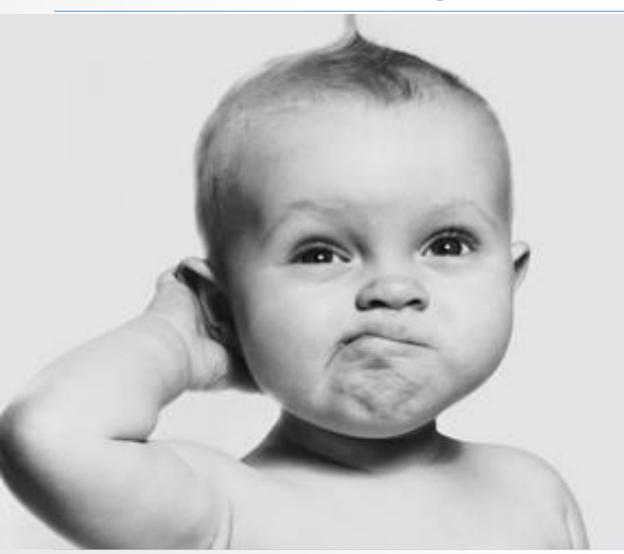
Summary

- Ireland's procurement reform programme has been successful in establishing new structures, delivering value and building momentum – more to be done!
- Future Change Management Challenges
 - Further refinement of processes and systems
 - Building commercial skills
 - Scaling to increasing reach
 - Continuing engagement and buy-in





What is the learning?



Importance of a 'burning platform' initially

Governance arrangements for cooperation and collaboration

Focus on customer service

End user communications essential

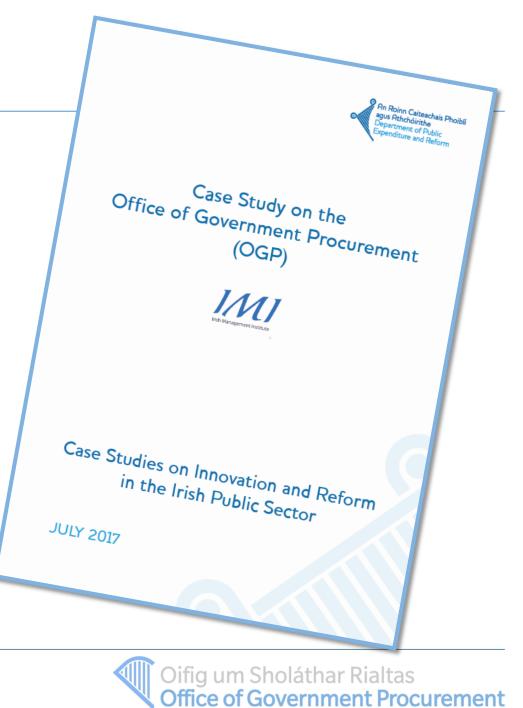
Resilience in core leadership team

Keeping the 'pot simmering'



Further Reading

- Few academic case studies on public service reform
- Department of Public Expenditure and Reform sponsored three case studies:
 - OGP with IMI
 - Tusla with IPA
 - Intreo Programme with UCD
- Published in July 2017
- Case Study reflects progress to mid-2016





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Thank You



Supplementary Slides



Complexity





Reform Enablers #1 – Aligning Policy and Operations

- Strong operational input into policy development and reviews resulting in better guidance
- Support to operations in consistent policy implementation
- Better alignment with **other impacting policies** e.g. business development, job creation, environmental considerations, etc.
- Better advice to Ministers and Parliamentarians
- Improved data-sharing and engagement
- Faster and better decision-making
- Holistic picture of effectiveness and performance
- Better Stakeholder Engagement





Reform Enablers #2 – Policy

- SME Public Procurement Policy established in 2010 and refreshed in 2014, covering:
 - Market analysis
 - Proportionate Turnover levels
 - Proportionate Insurance levels
 - Use of Open Procedures
 - Lots
 - Consortia building
 - Transparency covering mandatory electronic tenders
 - Use of MEAT
- Construction Contracts Act 2013 has encouraged many SME sub-contractors to re-engage with public works as it ensures payments flow through supply chain.



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Reform Enablers #3 – Systems & Processes

- Single National Tendering Platform
 - Includes notices, documents, submissions, queries, awards
- Mandatory electronic tendering for Tenders over €25,000
- Integrated ESPD (in Development)
- Revised National Guidelines launched in July 2017
- Standard Suite of Tender Documents
- Data Gathering & Reporting
- Support for DPS Functionality
- Tender Advisory Service for informal process review





Reform Enablers #4 – Awareness, Engagement and Education

- Collaboration with Industry Representative Bodies and Business Development Agencies on Policy and Communications
- Political Sponsorship
 - Minister of State chairs quarterly SME Engagement
 - Regional workshops on Procurement





- Tender Training for Businesses
- Publication of 9-Month Framework Pipeline
- 'Meet the Buyer' Events
- Website
- Helpdesk



Reform Enablers #5 – Framework Design

Analysis of 144 OGP Framework Agreements valued at €3.5bn:

- ✓ 94% use MEAT in award criteria
- ✓ 50% of frameworks have a turnover requirement of €0.3m
- ✓ 60% is the median percentage allocated to quality criteria
- ✓ 67% of FW have multiple lots, average of 4.5 lots/framework
- ✓ 47% of Frameworks have lots with estimated values of €0.5m or less





Outcomes:

✓ 68% of Framework Members are SMEs



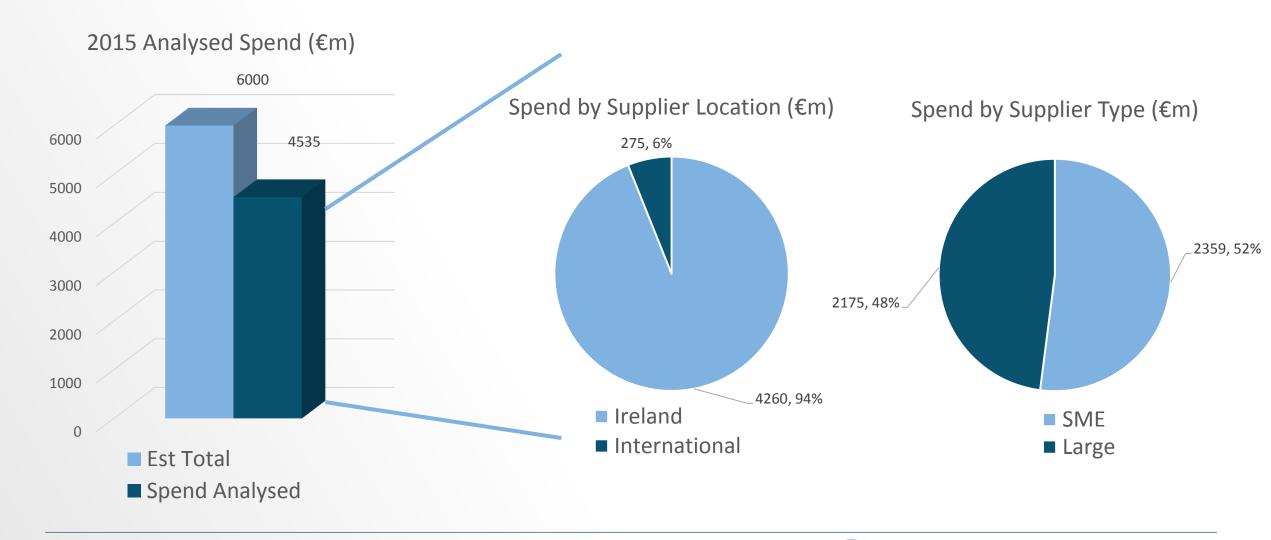
Spend and Tendering Reports

- First centralised view of procurement spend from data gathered from 2013 onwards from across the civil and public service
- The data has been analysed and reports for 2013, 2014 and 2015.
- Over half the spend analysed is with SME's





2015 Spend & Tendering Analysis



2015 Spend & Tendering Analysis – SME Success by Category

	0%	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	1009
Plant Hire	2015					96%					4%
	2014					96%					4%
	2013		95%						5%		
Veterinary and Farming	2015		85%					15%			
	2014		59%				41%				
	2013		68%						32%		
Minor Building Works and Civils	2015	81%					19%				
	2014		86%						149	6	
	2013		67%						33%		
Fleet / Plant	2015		71%					29%			
	2014		76%					24%			
	2013		77%						23%		
Marketing, Print and Stationery	2015		70%				30%				
	2014		69%					31%			
	2013		70%					30%			
Medical Professional Services	2015		69%					31%			
	2014		66%					34%			
	2013	65%						35%			
Laboratory, Diagnostics and Equipment	2015	68%					32%				
	2014		73%					27%			
	2013		75%					25%			
Uncategorised Spend	2015		64%					36%			
	2014		61%					39%			
	2013	66%						34%			



