

DocEnhance

Transferable skills trainings and PhD employability beyond academia

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Why DocEnhance?



Partners of DocEnhance project during the kick-off meeting in Tromsø Foto: Jonatan Ottesen/Ui7

- PhD holders more likely to follow a career outside the university as numbers of PhDs on the rise (OECD, Education at a Glance, 2019; Kehm, 2007)
- Reported mismatches between employers' needs and skills developed in doctoral programmes (DeGrande et al, 2014; Bebiroglu et al, 2022)
- "Offering training in transferable skills ... is central, and should be a priority for doctoral schools and programmes" (Salzbourg II recommendations, EUA, 2010)
- "Identifying missing elements of skills training remains an important task..." (Survey "Doctoral Education in Europe today", EUA-CDE, 2022)





DocEnhance aims

- 1. Collecting evidence on PhDs' employment and skills usage
- 2. Developing employment and innovation-oriented PhD curricula for PhD programmes
- 3. Involving non-academic sector in the development of transferable skills trainings



Transferable skills

What are these?

- "...skills learned in one context (for example research) that are useful in another (for example future employment whether that is in research, business etc). They enable subject- and research-related skills to be applied and developed effectively." (European Science Foundation, 2009)
- Learned through **skills training and learning-by-doing**, e.g. doctoral research, thesis writing, teaching, internships outside academia, join collaborative projects or joint programmes
- Skills such as teamwork, project management or entrepreneurship also important for innovation and knowledge transfer (EC, 2010; OECD, 2012)





Assessing skills needs

What are important skills for the non-academic sector?

- 1) DocEnhance regional stakeholder workshops with industry, technology, non-profit and data-driven sectors identified:
- adaptability, communication, collaboration, language skills, followed by problem solving and management skills (DocEnhance policy brief, 2021)
- 2) DocEnhance survey of PhD holders from partner universities
- 3) A short **survey of non-academic employers** of PhD holders (focus on skills)



DocEnhance survey

Target population

PhD graduates between 2016 and 2020 from 9 participating universities (NL, DE, NO, GR, ES, PT, SK, IT, CZ)

Goals of the survey

- Employment situation, satisfaction with doctoral training, skills acquired and used, added value of PhD, etc.
- A pilot for 7 of the 9 universities (training curricula adjustment, information to prospective PhD candidates)
- Questionnaire based on ESF career-tracking surveys 2017, 2015 + developed with DocEnhance partners

Survey

2,217 responses collected (response rate: 23 %)





Profile of PhD holders

- **■** Gender: 48% male, 51% female, 2% other
- Age: 68% aged 30-39
- Field of study (%)
 - Natural sciences 27%
 - Engineering and technology 16%
 - Medical and health sciences 19 %
 - Agricultural sciences 3%
 - Social Sciences 23%
 - **Humanities 12%**





Main results

DocEnhance survey of PhD holders





Doctorate holders' employment



Visit www.docenhance.eu

91%

have a professional activity

<3 months

to find a job after graduation

20%

are employed on temporary contracts

+50%

are employed outside academia



Sector of employment



All findings from DocEnhance Career-tracking survey at www.docenhance.eu 37%

in universities

22%

in private sector

12%

in research organisations

10%

in health care

8%

in the government

11%

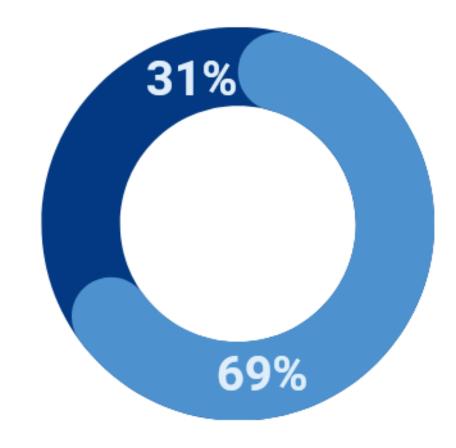
in other sectors



How many PhD holders are engaged in research in their current job?



All findings from DocEnhance Career-tracking survey at www.docenhance.eu





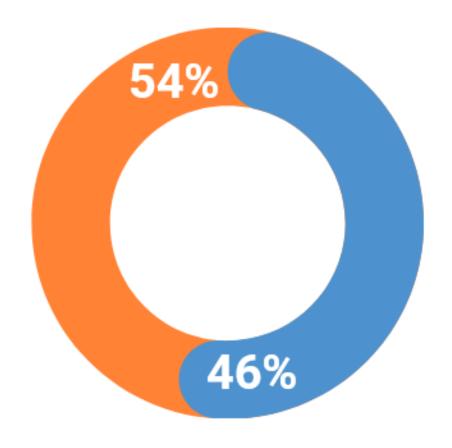
Do not work in research



Are PhD holders working in jobs that require a PhD?



All findings from DocEnhance Career-tracking survey at <u>www.docenhance.eu</u>



- Work in jobs that do not require a PhD
- Work in jobs that do require a PhD



Satisfaction with doctoral training

(1 = very dissatisfied, 5 = very satisfied)

Quality of research training

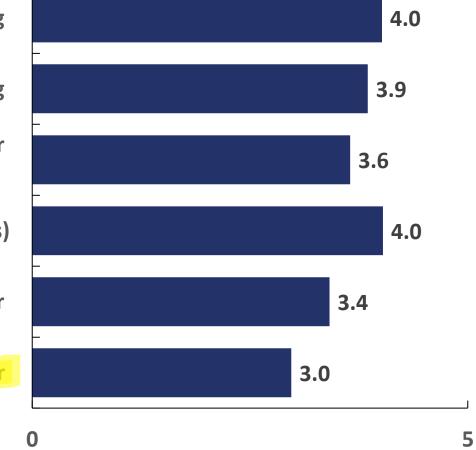
Quality of transferable skills training

Services for doctoral candidates at your university

Supervision provided by the supervisor(s)

Support to pursue an academic career

Support to pursue a non-academic career

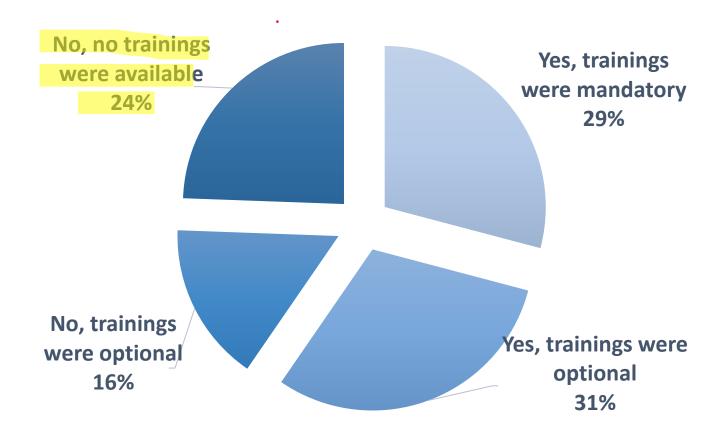




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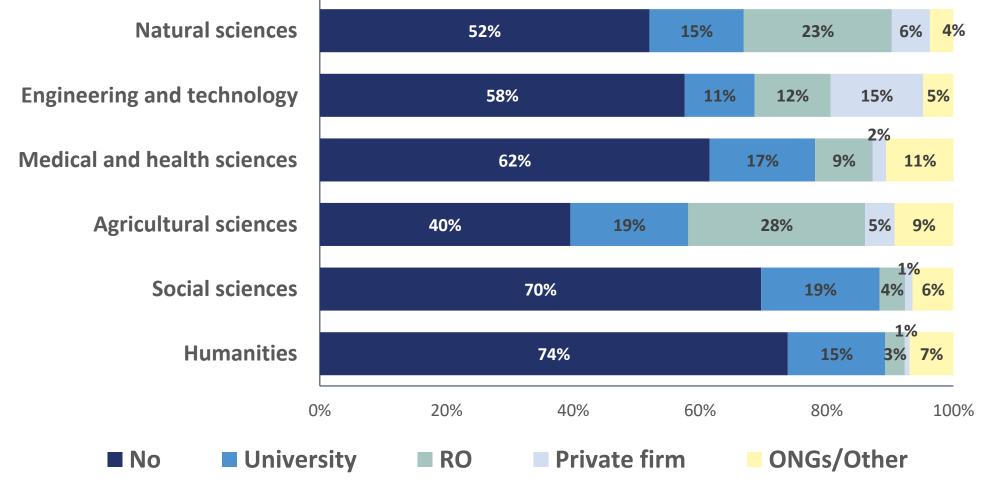
60% took transferable skills training 24% "no trainings available"







PhD in collaboration with another organisation?







Skills for survey

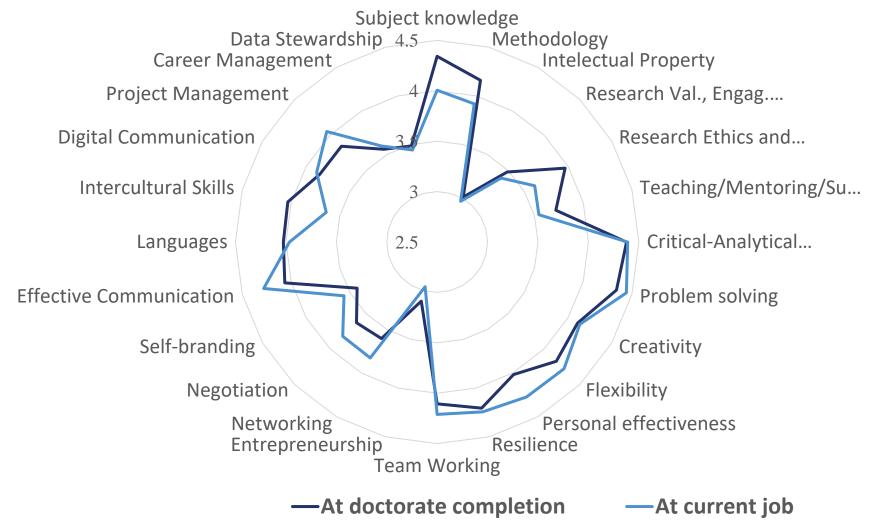
- Created a list of 24 skills clustered in 5 groups (Auriol et al., 2013; ESF, 2012,2017):
 - Research skills and other academic/technical competences (Subject knowledge, Methodology, Research valorisation, Teaching...)
 - **Personal skills** (Critical-analytical thinking, Problem-solving, Creativity, Flexibility, Personal effectiveness...)
 - **Professional skills** (Team working, Entrepreneurship, Networking, Negotiation...)
 - **Communication skills** (Effective communication, Languages, Intercultural skills, Digital communication)
 - Management skills (Project management, Career management, Data stewardship)
- Asked PhDs about their skills at PhD completion and skills needed in their jobs





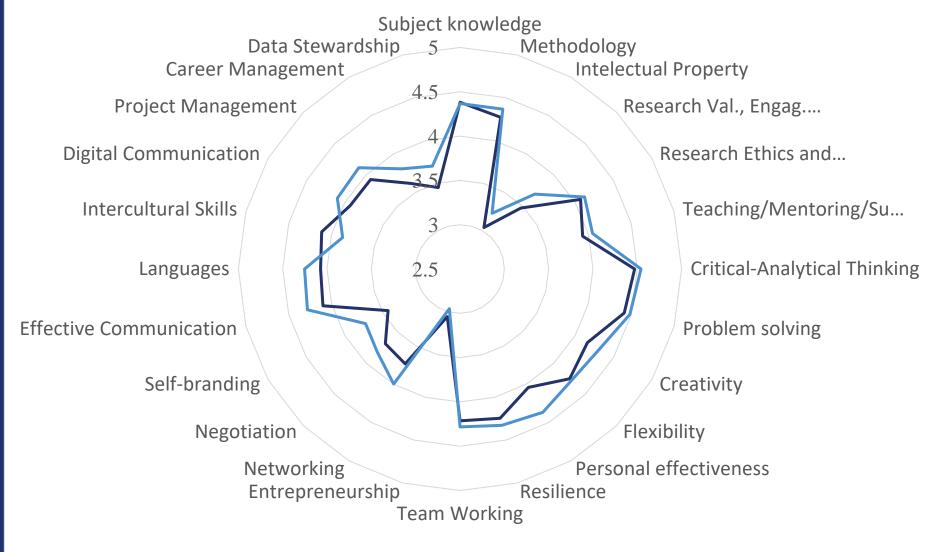
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Skills at PhD completion and in current job





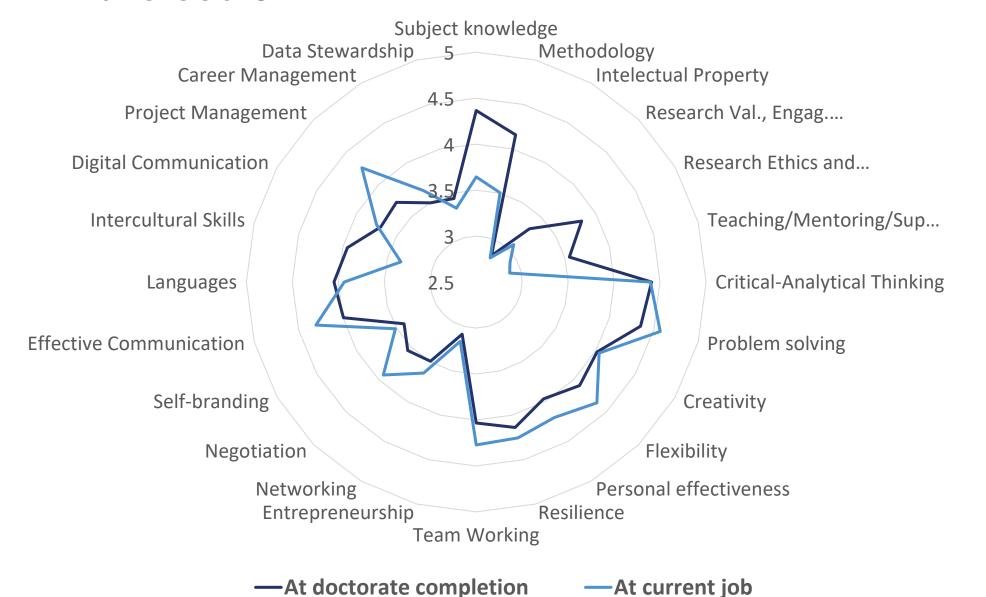
University



—At doctorate completion —At current job



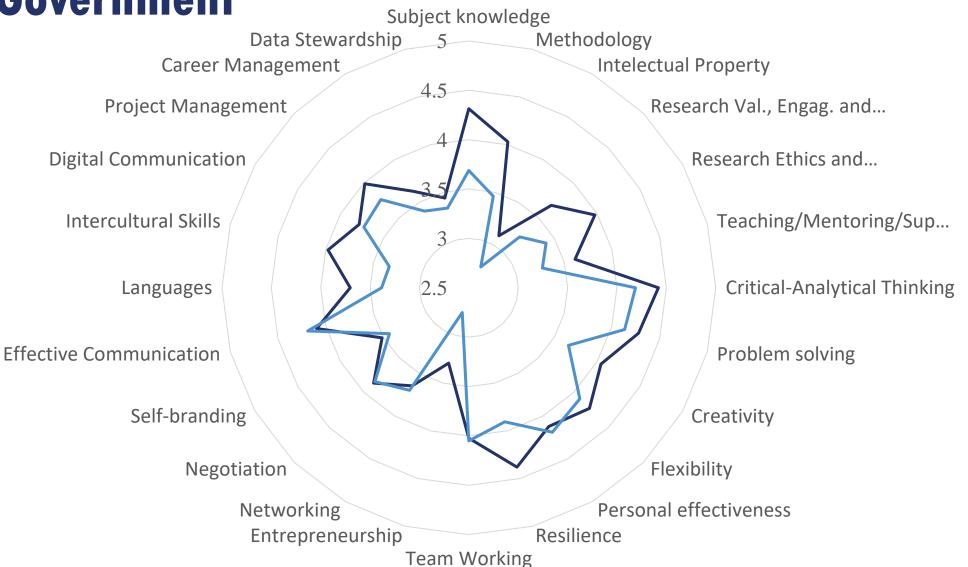
Private sector











—At doctorate completion

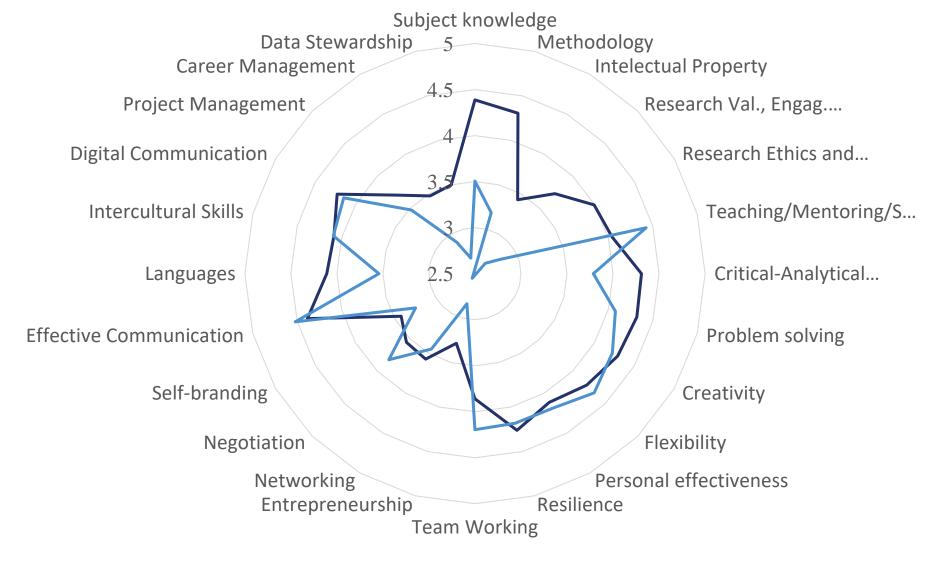








Non-higher education



—At doctorate completion —At current job





According to PhDs...

- Good <u>overall</u> match between skills at PhD completion and those needed at job
- Critical-analytical thinking and problem-solving + other personal competences are most important acquired and needed for PhDs
- Importance of team working, communication, and project management for work
- Closest skills match in academia, different gaps in different sectors (significant differences by sector based on ANOVA tests)
 - private sector: project management, negotiation, communication and flexibility
 - non-HE: teaching
 - non-governmental and healthcare: networking
 - government: most skills at completion are scored higher than skills needed at work





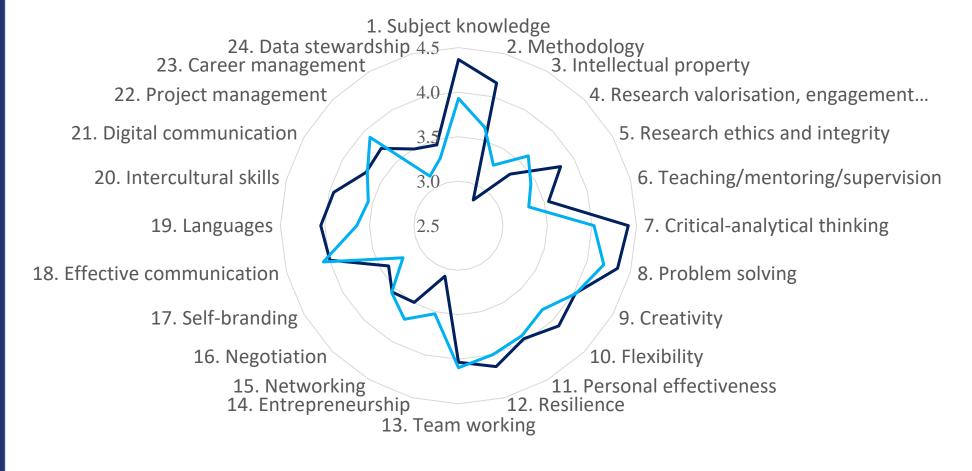
According to employers...

- **65 non-academic employers** from industry (43%), business sector (29%), government (8%), healthcare (5%), not-for-profit (9%) and other (6%)
- Important skills problem-solving, critical-analytical thinking, creativity as well as team working and effective communication (scored above 4 out of 5), also project management, personal effectiveness, flexibility and subject knowledge
- Compared with PhDs' self-reported skills, **skill gaps**:
 - In **business sector**: Intellectual Property, research valorisation and entrepreneurship skills, also project management and networking
 - In **other non-academic sectors**: more skill gaps, e.g., team working, networking and project management





Employers and PhDs: private sector



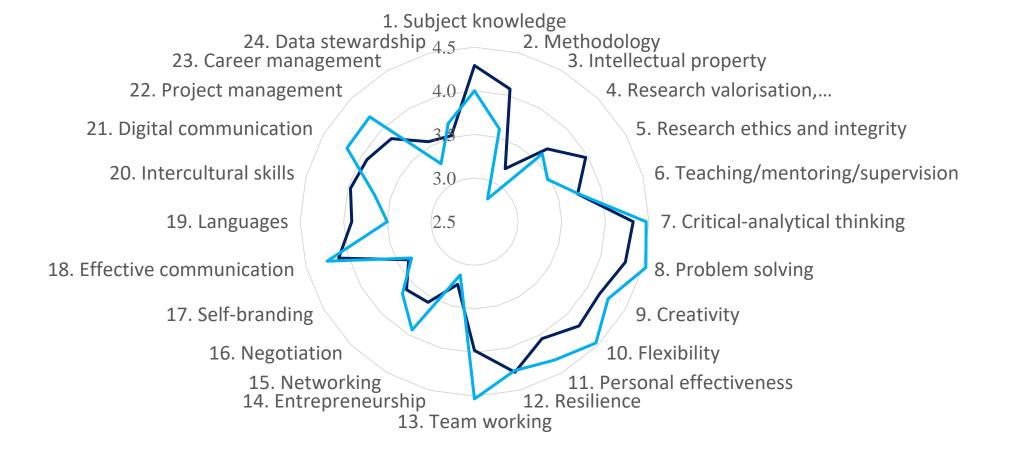


—Employers: skills needed at job





Employers and PhDs: other sectors



—PhD holders: skills acquired at PhD completion —Em

—Employers: skills needed at job





Other skills PhDs lack most (open question)

- "understanding about how businesses operate"
- "adaptation to reality outside academy" and "ability to work on topics outside their speciality"
- "ability to connect theory and practice"
- "team/budget management"
- "public relations"
- I "ability to get to the point instead of long research"
- "practical side of things"



Recommendations

- Offering training for a broader set of skills esp. team working, project management, communication (also Bebiroglu et al., 2022)
- For the business sector entrepreneurship, IP and research valorisation are also important to develop
- Learning-by-doing: collaborations during PhD, internships, project-based learning to be encouraged - choice of organisation can impact subsequent career path (also Mortier et al., 2022)
- Offer evidence on career pathways to PhD candidates
- Engage with non-academic partner networks to understand what skills are needed locally by employers
- Offer career guidance and support for PhDs, and for non-academic careers in particular







DocEnhance resources

- https://docenhance.eu
 - 1. Report on the DocEnhance Career-tracking survey of PhDs
 - 2. Good practice guide for setting-up career-tracking surveys (forthcoming)
 - 3. <u>Good practice recommendations for integration of transferable</u> <u>skills training in PhD programmes</u>
 - 4. DocEnhance courses available through the online platform (forthcoming)
 - Course in Data stewardship
 - Course in Career management and entrepreneurship
 - Course in **Supervision**

